

Sustainable Tuna (SFI)

Pole & Line, Non-FAD and Purse Seine Fishing and Sustainability of the Tuna Industry

Bill Fox VP for Fisheries, WWF-US

Tuna 2012 Bangkok, 5-23-12



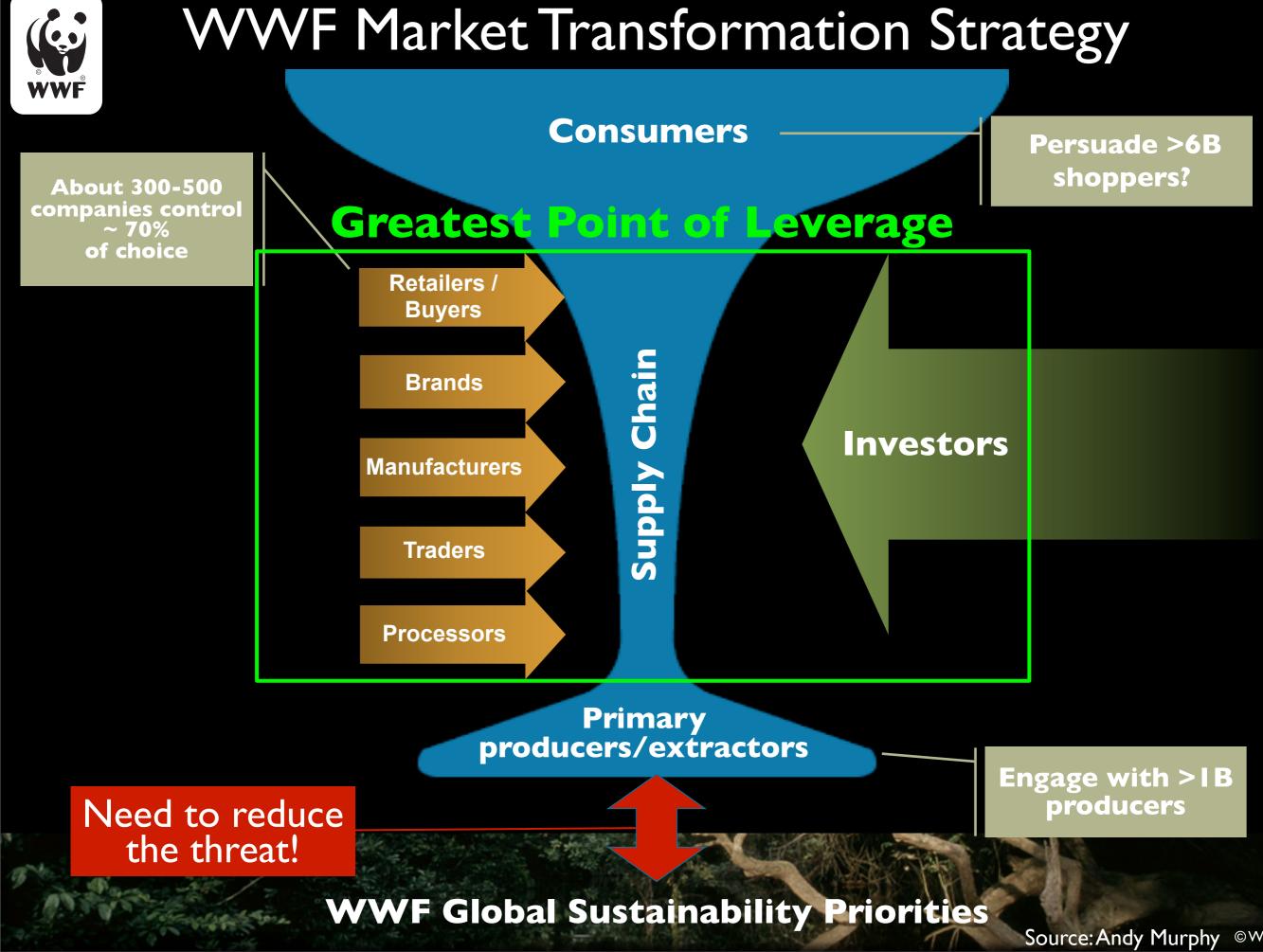


WWF Sustainability Criteria for Wild-Capture Fisheries

Fishery meets or exceeds the standards of the Marine Stewardship Council (MSC)







Tuesday, May 15, 12

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WWF Tuna Goals

Most stocks (19) qualify for MSC by 2020

• Bluefin stocks (4) qualify by 2025





MSC Standards

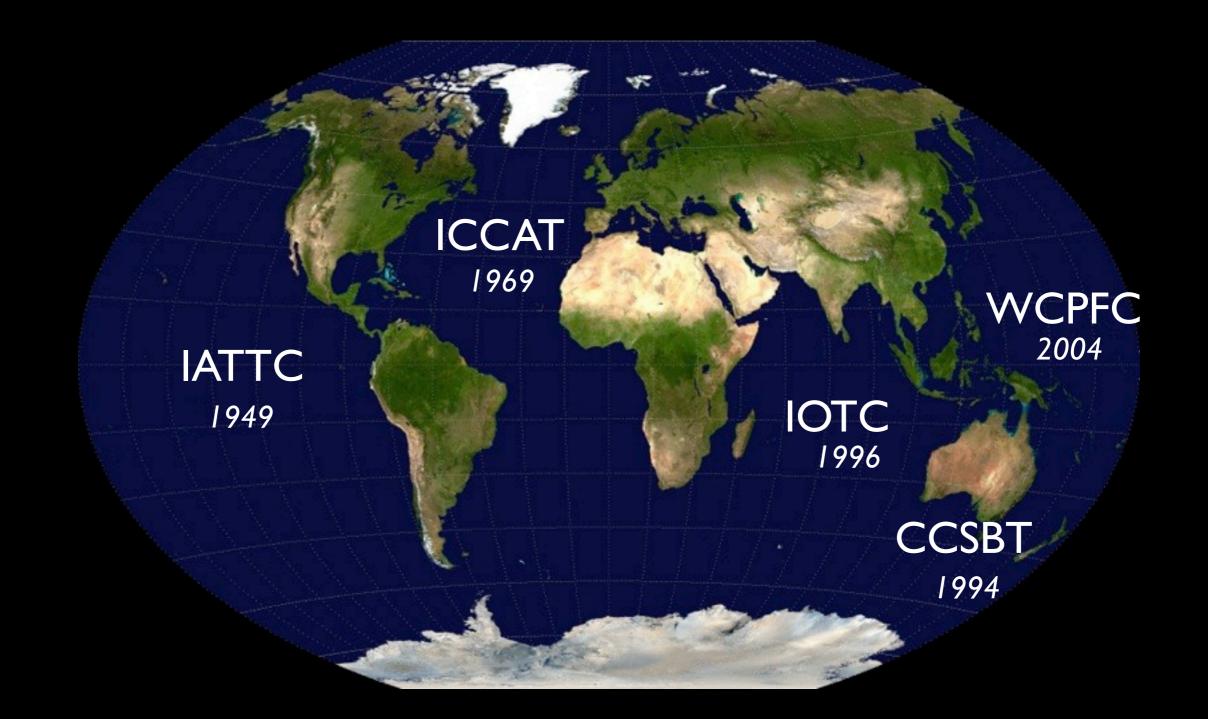
Three Principles with 31 supporting criteria:

- I. Fish stocks sustainable
- 2. Environmental impact not harmful
- 3. Management system(s) effective





Tuna managed by 5 RFMOs



RFMO Sustainability Improvements

- I. Sustainable fish stocks
 - Stock-wide:
 - Limit & target reference points
 - Harvest control rules
 - Harvest management plans





RFMO Sustainability (con't.)

2. Environmental impact reduction

All gears & methods:

- Gill net
- Longline
- Pole and line
- Purse seine





RFMO Sustainability (con't.)

- 3. Effective management
 - Fishing countries
 - Full membership/cooperation
 - Member state conservation performance
 - Compliance with reporting req's.
 - Adequate monitoring and control





Environmental Impact Reduction

Examples:

- Pole & Line -- 3.1% bycatch LTL species
- Purse seine (drifting FADs) -- 2.7% bycatch²
- Purse seine (free school) -- Rare whale sharks³
- Gill net & longline -- Very large bycatches
- Etc.

¹Gillet (2010) ²Dagorn & Restrepo (2011) ³Hampton, (*p.c.* 2012)





Hypotheses on Ecosystem Effects of Drifting FADs



"Conveyor belt of doom"



Critical habitat increase

Which is right? Neither?





Summary

There is no "silver bullet", just difficult and complex work ahead!







Thank You!

The seal



