## Standards for Use, according to Use Categories

effective from March 12, 2013

Major Use Category	Additives	Target Foods	Maximum Limits	Limitation for Use
Acidifiers	Acetic Acid	All foods		
	Acetic Acid, Glacial	$\neg$		
	Adipic Acid	$\dashv$		
	Citric Acid	$\dashv$		
	Fumaric Acid	$\dashv$		
	Gluconic Acid	-		
	Glucono−δ−Lactone	-		
	Lactic Acid	-		
	DL-Malic Acid	-		
	Succinic Acid	-		
	D-Tartaric Acid	_		
	DL-Tartaric Acid	<del>- </del>		
Anti-caking	Ferrocyanides of Calcium,	Salt	Individually or in	
Anti Caning	Potassium and Sodium	Sait	combination, 0.020g/kg as anhydrous sodium	
A . I.' C	O'II'	All foods	ferrocyanide	0.1.6
Anti-foaming agent	Silicone resin	All foods	0.050 g/kg	Only for defoaming.
Anti-molding agents	Azoxystrobin	Citus fruits (except for UNSHU orange)	0.010g/kg (as maximum residue limit)	
			as maximum residue	
	Diphenyl	Grapefruit	limit 0.070 g/kg	
		Lemon	0.070 g/kg	
		Orange	0.070 g/kg	
	Fludioxonil	Kiwifruit	0.020g/kg	
		Citrus fruits (except for UNSHU	0.010g/kg	
		Apple Apricot (except for seeds) Cherry (except for seeds) Japanese plum (except for seeds) Loquat Nectarine (except for seeds) Pear Peach (except for seeds) Pomegranate Quince	0.0050g/kg	
	Imazalil		as maximum residue	
			limit	
		Banana	0.0020 g/kg	
		Citus fruits (except for UNSHU	0.0050 g/kg as maximum residue	
			limit of o-	
	o−Phenylphenol	Citrus fruits	0.010g /kg	
	Sodium o-Phenylphenol	$\exists$		
	Thiabendazole		as maximum residue limit	
		Banana (whole)	0.0030 g/kg	
		Banana (pulp)	0.0004 g/kg	
A .: .: .		Citrus fruits	0.010 g/kg	
Antioxidants	L-Ascorbic Acid	All foods		
	L-Ascorbyl Palmitate			
	L-Ascorbyl Stearate			

Major Use Category	Additives	Target Foods	Maximum Limits	Limitation for Use
Antioxidants	Butylated Hydroxyanisole (BHA)		as BHA	
(continued)		Butter	0.2 g/kg	When BHA is used in
		Fats & oils	0.2 g/kg	combination with BHT, the
		Fish & shellfish (dried)	0.2 g/kg	total amount of both shall not
				exceed the corresponding limit.
		Fish & shellfish (salted)	0.2 g/kg	
		Fish & shellfish (frozen)	1 g/kg of dip	
		(except frozen products cosumed r	aw)	
		Mashed potato (dried)	0.2 g/kg	
		Whale meat (frozen)	1 g/kg of dip	
		(except frozen products cosumed r	aw)	
	Butylated Hydroxytoluene		as BHA	
	(BHT)	Butter	0.2 g/kg	When BHA is used in
	(BIII)	Chewing gum	0.2 g/kg 0.75 g/kg	combination with BHT, the total amount of both shall not
		Fats & oils	0.7 g/kg	exceed the corresponding
		Fish & shellfish (dried)	0.2 g/kg	limit.
		Fish & shellfish (salted)	0.2 g/kg	
		Fish & shellfish (frozen)	1 g/kg of dip	
		(except frozen products		
		cosumed raw)		
		Mashed potato (dried)	0.2 g/kg	
		Whale meat (frozen)	1 g/kg of dip	
		(except frozen products cosumed raw)		
		cosumed raw)		
	Calcium Disodium		as EDTA-CaNa <sub>2</sub>	
	Ethylenediamine-	Canned and bottle non-	0.035 g/kg	
	tetraacetate	alcoholic beverages Other canned and bottle foods	0.25 g/kg	
	L-Cysteine Monohydro-	Bread	0.20 g/ Ng	
	chloride	Fruit juice		
	Disodium Ethylene-		as EDTA-CaNa <sub>2</sub>	Shall be chelated with
	diaminetetraacetate	Canned and bottle non-	0.035 g/kg	calcium ino before the
		alcoholic beverages		preparation of the finished
		Other canned and bottled foods	0.25 g/kg	food.
	Erythrobic Acid	All foods		Not permitted for nutritive purposes in fish paste products (excluding SURIMI) or bread.
				Only for antioxidizing purposes in other foods.
	Isopropyl Citrate		as monoisopropyl	
		<b>.</b>	citrate	
		Butter	0.10 g/kg	
	0 : 0 :	Fats and oils	0.10 g/kg	
	Guaiac Resin	Butter	1.0 g/kg	
		Fats and oils	1.0 g/kg	
	Propyl Gallate	Butter	0.10 g/kg	
		Fats and oils	0.20 g/kg	
	Sodium L-Ascorbate	All foods		
	Sodium Erythorbate	All foods		Not permitted for nutritive purposes in fish paste products (excluding SURIMI) or bread. Only for antioxidizing purposes in other foods.
	$d$ / $-\alpha$ –Tocopherol	All foods		Only for antioxidizing, except when included in preparation of $\beta$ -Carotene, Vitamin A, Vitamin A Esters of Fatty Acids, or Liquid Paraffin.

Major Use Category	Additives	Target Foods	Maximum Limits	Limitation for Use
Antisticking	D-Mannitol	Candies Chewing gum FURIKAKE (sprinkleover only products containing granues) RAKUGAN (dried rice-flour cakes) TSUKUDANI (food boiled down in soy sauce, only products made of KONBU (kelp)) All foods as CHOMIRYO (seasoning)*	40 % 20 % 50 % of granules 30 % 25 % (as maximum residue limit)	* When used in formula with Potassium Chloride and Glutamate for seasoning foods or enhancing their original flavor, no limits are specified. (only cases where D-Mannitol does not exceed 80 % of the sum of Potassium Chloride, Glutamates and D-Mannitol)
Bleaching agents	Hydrogen Peroxide	All foods		Shall be removed or decomposed before the preparation of the finished food.
	Sodium Chlorite	Cherry Citus fruits (limited to those for confectionary) FUKI Grape Peach Eggs (limited to the part of egg shell)	0.50 g/kg dipping	Shall be removed or decomposed before the preparation of the finished food.
		Processed KAZUNOKO (Herring roe products) (except for dried KAZUNOKO and freezed KAZUNOKO)  Vegetables dor direct consumption	solution (as sodium chlorite)	
	Potassium Hydrogen Sulfite Solution Potassium Pyrosulfite Sodium Hydrogen Sulfite Solution Sodium Hydrosulfite Sodium Pyrosulfite Sodium Sulfite Sulfur Dioxide	Raisins Dried potato Food molasses Frozen raw crab Gelatin KANPYO: dried gourd strips KONNYAKU-KO:powdered konjac	Residue limit of SO <sub>2</sub> less than: 0.10 g/kg 0.30 g/kg 0.50 g/kg 2.0 g/kg 1.5 g/kg 0.50 g/kg 0.30 g/kg 0.10 g/kg 0.50 g/kg 0.50 g/kg 0.10 g/kg 0.035 g/kg 0.15 g/kg 0.15 g/kg 0.15 g/kg 0.10 g/kg 0.15 g/kg 0.10 g/kg 0.10 g/kg 0.10 g/kg 0.10 g/kg 0.10 g/kg 0.25 g/kg 0.35 g/kg	Not permitted in legumes/pulses, sesame seeds, or vegetables.  When other foods (excluding KONNYAKU) manufactured or processed, using foods listed in this section, in which an additive listed in the left column is used, according to the standards for use, contain a residue of not less than 0.030 g/kg as SO <sub>2</sub> , the amount of residue shall be the maximum residue limit.

Major Use Category	Additives	Target Foods	Maximum Limits	Limitation for Use
Chewing gum bases	Ester Gum	Chewing gum		Only as chewing gum base.
	Polybutene	-		* Polyvinyl Acetate may also
	Polyisobutylene	-		be used as film-forming.
	Polyvinyl Acetate*	-		See the section, "Film-forming agents."
Color fixatives	Ferrous Sulfate	All foods		
Joior Haatives		All loous		
	Potassium Nitrate		less than:	
		Meat products	0.070 g/kg	May be used as fermentation
		Whale meat bacon	0.070 g/kg	regulator. See the section, "Miscellenous."
			(as residue limit of NO <sub>2</sub>	
	Sodium Nitrate	Sa	ime as for Potassium Nitra	l te
			as maximum	<u> </u>
	Sodium Nitrite		residue limit of	
		Fish ham	nitrite 0.050 g/kg	
		Fish sausage	0.050 g/kg	
		IKURA (salted/processed	0.0050 g/kg	
		salmon roes)	3 3	
		Meat products	0.070 g/kg	
		SUJIKO (salted salmon roes)	0.0050 g/kg	
		TARAKO	0.0050 g/kg	
		Whale meat bacon	0.070 g/kg	
Color adjuvant	Ferrous Gluconate	Table olive	0.15 g/kg	May also be used as dietary supplement. See the section, "Dietary supplements"
Dietary Supplements	L-Ascorbic acid 2-glucoside	All foods		
	Biotin	Foods with health claims		
	Bisbentiamine	All foods		
	Calcium Carbonate*		as Ca	
	Calcium Chloride	All foods	1.0 %	<ul> <li>Only when indispensable for manufacturing or processing</li> </ul>
	Calcium Citrate	Chewing gum*	10 % *	the food, or when used for
	Calcium Dihydrogen	* Only applied to	The above limits	nutritive purposes.
	Pyrophosphate	Calcium Carbonate	do not apply to	
	Calcium Dihydrogen	1	foods approved to be labeled as	
	Phosphate		"special. dietary	
	Cacium Gluconate**		use."	**Only for nutritive purposes
	Calcium Glycerophosphate**	-		
	Calcium Hydroxide			Only when indispensable for manufacturing or processing the food, or when used for nutritive purposes.
	Calcium Lactate	1		
	Calcium Monohydrogen Phosphat	<b>」</b> ∶e		
				Only when indispensable for manufacturing or processing the food, or when used for nutritive
	Calcium Pantothenate	1		
	Calcium Sulfate			Only when indispensable for manufacturing or processing
				the food, or when used for nutritive purposes.

Major Use Category	Additives	Target Foods	Maximum Limits	Limitation for Use
Dietary Supplements (continued)	Copper Gluconate	Substitutes for human milk	as copper  0.60 mg/L  when formulated into a standard concentration.	The limit does not apply to cases where these additives are used in formulated dried milk under approval by the Minister of Health, Labor and Welfare.
		Foods with health claims	5 mg/recommended daily portion of each food	
	Cupric Sulfate	Substitutes for human milk	as copper 0.60 mg/L when formulated into a standard concentration.	The limit does not apply to cases where these additives are used in formulated dried milk under approval by the Minister of Health, Labor and Welfare.
	Dibenzoyl Thiamine	All foods		
	Dibenzoyl Thiamine Hydrochlorid			
		- -		
	Dry Formed Vitamin A	1		
	Ergocalciferol			
	Ferric Ammonium Citrate			
	Ferric Chloride			
	Ferric Citrate	1		
	Ferric Pyrophosphate	1		
	Ferrous Gluconate	Dried milk for pregnant and lactating women. Substitutes for human milk.		May also be used as color adjuvant.
		Weaning foods		See the section, "Color adiuvant."
	Folic Acid	All foods		
	L-Histidine Monohydro- chloride			
	Iron Lactate	-		
	L-Isoleucine	1		
	L-Lysine L-Aspartate	1		
	L-Lysine L-Glutamate	1		
	L-Lysin Monohydrochloride	]		
	Magnesium Monohydrogen Phosphate DL-Methionine			
	L-Methionine	1		
	Methyl Hesperidin	1		
	Nicotinamide			Not permitted in fresh
	Nicotinic Acid			fish/shellfish (including fresh whale meat) or meat.
	L-Phenylalanine	All foods		
	Pyridoxine Hydrochloride	1		
	Riboflavin	1		
	Riboflavin 5'-Phosphate	1		
	Sodium			
	Riboflavin Tetrabutyrate	1		
	Sodium Ferrous Citrate	1		
	Sodium Pantothenate	1		
	Thiamine Dicetylsulfate	1		
	Thiamine Dilaurylsulfate	]		
	Thiamine Hydrochloride			
	Thiamine Mononitrate			

Major Use Category	Additives	Target Foods	Maximum Limits	Limitation for Use
Dietary Supplements	Thiamine Naphthalene-	All foods		
(continued)	1, 5-disulfonate			
	Thiamine Thiocyanate	7		
	DL-Threonine			
	L-Threonine			
	<i>all-rac</i> -α-Tocopheryl Acetate	Foods with health claims	as α-Tocopherol	
	$R,R,R-\alpha$ -Tocopheryl Acetate		150 mg/recommended	
			daily portion of each	
	Tricalcium Phosphate	All foods	food as Ca	Outrodian indiananchia fan
	·		1.0 %	Only when indispensable for manufacturing or processing
			The above limit do	the food, or when used for nutritive purposes.
			not apply to foods approved to be	nutritive purposes.
			labeled as	
			"special. dietary use."	
	DL-Tryptophan	All foods	400.	
	L-Tryptophan			
	L-Valine	1		
	Vitamin A	1		
	Vitamin A Esters of	1		
	Fatty Acids			
	Vitamin A in Oil			
	Zinc Gluconate		as zinc	Not applied to cases where
		Only substitutes for human milk	When formulated into a standard approva	the additives is used in for- mulated dried milk under
				approval by the Minister of
		Foods with health claims	15 mg/	Health, Labor and Welfare.
		roods with health claims	recommended daily	
			portion of each food	
	Zinc Sulfate		as zinc	
		Only substitutes for human milk	6.0 mg/L	Not applied to cases where the additives is used in for-
			When formulated	mulated dried milk under
			into a standard concentration.	approval by the Minister of Health, Labor and Welfare.
				Trouter, Eubor and Worldro.
Emulsifiers	Calcium Strearoyl Lactylate	as Calciu	ım Strearoyl Lactylate	
		Bread.	4.0 g/kg	
		Butter cakes.	5.5 g/kg	
		Confections (baked or fried wheat flour products only).	4.0 g/kg	
		Moist cakes (rice flour products only).	6.0 g/kg	
		Macaroni and other such products.*	4.0 g/kg*	*as dry noodles.
		Mixed powder:		When up of the secret to the
		for manufacturing bread.	5.5 g/kg	When used in combination with calcium strearoyl
		for manufacturing confections (fried wheat flour products only).	5.5 g/kg	lactylate and sodium strearoyl lactylate, total
		for manufacturing confections (baked wheat flour products only).	5.0 g/kg	level of the additives as calcium strearoyl lactylate shall not be more than the
		for manufacturing moist cakes (rice flour products only).	10 g/kg	maximum limit.
		for manufacturing sponge cakes, butter cakes and steamed breads.	8.0 g/kg	
		for manufacturing steamed MANJYU (bun made by steaming wheat flour dough).	2.5	

Major Use Category	Additives	Target Foods	Maximum Limits	Limitation for Use
Emulsifiers (continued)	Calcium Strearoyl Lactylate (continued)	Noodles (excluding instant noodles and dry noodles)	4.5 g/kg**	** as boiled noodles.
		Sponge cakes.	5.5 g/kg	
		Steamed bread (bread made by steaming wheat flour dough).	5.5 g/kg	
		Steamed MANJYU	2.0 g/kg	
	Glycerol Esters of Fatty	All foods		
	Acids			
	Lecithin	7		
	Polysorbate 20		as polysorbate 80	If it is used together with one
	Polysorbate 60	Capsule- and tablet-form foods	25 g/kg	of polysorbate 60, 65, and 80, the sum of each amount used
	Polysorbate 65	excluding confections Chewing gum	5.0 g/kg	shall be not more than the
	Polysorbate 80	Cocoa and chocolate products	5.0 g/kg	corresponding maximum levels
		Milk-fat substitutes	5.0 g/kg	as polysorbate 80. The above standards are not applied for
		Sauces	5.0 g/kg	products that are approved or
		Seasonings for instant noodles	5.0 g/kg	recognized as foods for special
		Shortening	5.0 g/kg	dietary use.
		Bakery confections	3.0 g/kg	Flour paste*: In this list, flour
		Decorations for confections	3.0 g/kg	paste is confined to paste
		(Sugar coatings and icings)	20/-	products of cocoa and
		Dressing Ice creams	3.0 g/kg 3.0 g/kg	chocolate that are prepared with sugar, fat/oil, powder milk,
		Mayonnaise	3.0 g/kg 3.0 g/kg	egg, or wheat flour as
		Mix powder for bakery confections	3.0 g/kg	secondary ingridients, and
		and moist sweet cake	0.0 g/ Ng	pasteurized. They are used as
		Moist sweet cake, unbaked cake	3.0 g/kg	fillings or coatings of bread or bakery confections.
		(Including fruit tart, cream cake, rare		
		cheese cake, custard pudding, and like products)		
		Sweetened yoghurt	3.0 g/kg	
		Candies	1.0 g/kg	
		Edible ices including sherbet	1.0 g/kg	
		Flour paste*	1.0 g/kg	
		Soup	1.0 g/kg	
		Pickled sea weed	0.50 g/kg	
		Pickled vegetables	0.50 g/kg	
		Chocolate drinks	0.50 g/kg	
		Unripened cheese	0.080 g/kg	
		Canned and bottled sea weed	0.030 g/kg	
		Canned and bottled vegetables Other foods	0.030 g/kg	
	Propylene Glycol Esters	All foods	0.020 g/kg	
	of Fatty Acids	All 1000S		
	Sodium Stearoyl Lactylate	Same as for Calcium Str	tearoyl Lactylate	†
	Sorbitan Esters of Fatty	All foods		
	Acids			
	Sucrose Esters of Fatty	1		
	Acids			
Film-forming agents	Morpholine Salts of Fatty Acids	Rind of fruits		Only as film-forming agent.
	Polyvinyl Acetate*	Rind of vegetables		* Polyvinyl Acetate may
	Sodium Oleate	1		also be used as chewing
				gum base.  See the section, "Chewing gum base."
Flavoring agents	Acetaldehyde	All foods		Only for flavoring.
	Acetophenone	1		
	Aliphatic Higher Alcohols (excluding substances	1		
	generally recognized as			
	highly toxic)			
	riiginy coxio/			1

Major Use Category	Additives	Target Foods	Maximum Limits	Limitation for Use
Flavoring agents	Aliphatic Higher Aldehydes	All foods		Only for flavoring.
(continued)	(excluding substances	711 10003		
	generally recognized as			
	highly toxic)			
	Alphatic Higher Hydro-			
	carbons (excluding sub-			
	stances generally recog-			
	nized as highly toxic) Ally Cyclohexylpropionate	1		
	Ally Hexanoate	-		
	Ally Isothiocyanate	-		
	(3-Amino-3-carboxypropyl)	-		
	dimethylsulfonium chloride			
	Amylalcohol			
	α-Amylcinnamicaldehyde			
	Anisaldehyde			
	Aromatic Alcohols	1		
	Aromatic Aldehydes	1		
	(excluding substances			
	generally recognized as			
	highly toxic)			
	Benzaldehyde			
	Benzyl Acetate			
	Benzyl Alcohol			
	Benzyl Propionate			
	<i>d</i> -Borneol			
	Butanol			
	Butyl Acetate			
	Butyl Butyrate			
	Butyraldehyde			
	Butyric Acid			
	Cinnamic Acid	1		
	Cinnamaldehyde	1		
	Cinnamyl Acetate	1		
	Cinnamyl Alcohol	1		
	Citral	1		
	Citronellal	1		
	Citronellol			
	Citronellyl Acetate	1		
	Citronellyl Formate	-		
	Cyclohexyl Acetate			
	Cyclohexyl Butyrate	1		
	Decanal	-		
	Decanol			
	2,3-Diethyl-5-methylpyrazine	1		
	2,3-Dimethylpyrazine			
	2,5-Dimethylpyrazine	1		
	2,6-Dimethylpyrazine	1		
	2,6-Dimethylpyridine	1		
	Esters	1		
	Ethers	1		
	1	l	<u>I</u>	l

Major Use Category	Additives	Target Foods	Maximum Limits	Limitation for Use
Flavoring agents	Ethyl Acetate			Only for flavoring, execpt when:
(continued)				1. Used for denaturing ethanol
		Ethanol		which is used for the removal astringency of persimons, the
		Lanarior		manufacture of crystalline
				fructose, the preparation of granules or tablets of spices, or
		Yeast extract		the manufacture of KONNYAKU-
				KO (Konjac powder), or which is used as a solvent for Butylated
		Vinyl acetate resin		Hydroxytoluene of Butylated
				Hydroxyanisole or as an ingredient
				for the manufacture of vinegar;
				2. Used for accelerating-
				yeast-autolysis in the extract (water-soluble fraction obtained by
				autolysis of yeast;)
				Used as a solvent for vinyl
				acetate resin.
				Ethyl Aceteta used in manu-
				facturing yeast extract shall be
				removed before the preparation of
				the finished food.
	Ethyl Acetoacetate	All foods		Only for flavoring.
	Ethyl Butyrate			
	Ethyl Cinnamate			
	Ethyl Decanoate			
	Mixture of			
	2-Ethyl-3,5-dimethylpyrazine an	d		
	2-Ethyl-3,6-dimethylpyrazine			
	Ethyl Heptanoate			
	Ethyl Hexanoate			
	Ethyl Isovalerate			
	2-Ethyl-3-methylpyrazine			
	2-Ethyl-5-methylpyrazine			
	2-Ethyl-6-methylpyrazine			
	5-Ethyl-2-methylpyridine			
	Ethyl Octanoate			
	Ethyl Phenylacetate			
	Ethyl Propionate			
	2-Ethylpyrazine			
	Ethylvanillin			
	1,8-Cineole			
	Eugenol			
	Fatty Acids			
	Furfural and its derivatives			
	(excluding substances generally	_		
	recognized as highly toxic)			
	Geraniol			
	Geranyl Acetate			
	Geranyl Formate			
	Hexanoic Acid			
	Hydroxycitronellal			
	Hydroxycitronellal Di-			
	methylacetal			
	Indole and its derivatives	1		1

Major Use Category	Additives	Target Foods	Maximum Limits	Limitation for Use
Flavoring agents	Ionone	All foods		Only for flavoring.
(continued)	Isoamyl Acetate			
	Isoamylalcohol			
	Isoamyl Butyrate			
	Isoamyl Formate			
	Isoamyl Isovalerate			
	Isoamyl Phenylacetate			
	Isoamyl Propionate			
	Isobutanol			
	Isobutyl Phenylacetate			
	Isoeugenol			
	Isoquinoline			
	Isopentylamine			
	Isopropanol			
	Isothiocyanates			
	(excluding substances generally	l		
	recognized as highly toxic)	1		
	Isovaleraldehyde			
	Ketones			
	Lactones			
	(excluding substances			
	generally recognized as			
	highly toxic)			
	Linalool			
	Linalyl Acetate			
	Maltol			
	d/-Menthol			
	/-Menthol			
	/-Menthyl Acetate			
	Methyl Athranilate			
	2-Methylbutanol			
	3-Methyl-2-butanol			
	trans-2-Methyl-2-butenal			
	3-Methyl-2-butenal			
	3-Methyl-2-butenol			
	2-Methylbutyraldehyde			
	Methyl Cinnamate			
	5-Methyl-6,7-dihydro-5 <i>H</i> -			
	cyclopentapyrazine			
	Methyl N-Methylanthranilate			
	Methyl β-Naphthyl Ketone			
	6-Methylquinoline 5-Methylquinoxaline			
	2-Methypyrazine			
	Methyl Salicylate			
	p-Methylacetophenone			
	γ–Nonalactone			
	Octanal			
	2-Pentanol			
	trans-2-Pentenal			
	1-Penten-3-ol			
	/-Perillaldehyde Phenethyl Acetate			
	n neneulyi Acetate			<u> </u>

Major Use Category	Additives	Target Foods	Maximum Limits	Limitation for Use
Flavoring agents	Phenols	All foods		Only for flavoring.
(continued)	(excluding substances			
	generally recognized as			
	highly toxic)			
	Phenol Ethers			
	(excluding substances			
	generally recognized as			
	highly toxic)			
	2-(3-Phenylpropyl)pyridine			
	Piperidine			
	Piperonal			
	Propanol			
	Propionaldehyde			
	Propionic Acid*			* Propionic Acid may
	Pyrazine			also
	Pyrrole			be used as
	Pyrrolidine			preservative.
	Terpene Hydrocarbons			See the section, "Preservatives."
				i reservatives.
	Terpineol			
	Terpinyl Acetate			
	5,6,7,8-Tetrahydroquinoxaline			
	2,3,5,6-Tetramethylpyrazine			
	Thioethers			
	(excluding substances			
	generally recognized as			
	highly toxic)			
	Thiols			
	(excluding substances generally recognized as highly toxic)			
	Trimethylamine			
	2,3,5-Trimethylpyrazine			
	γ-Undecalactone			
	Valeraldehyde			
	Vanillin			
Flour treatment agents	Ammonium Persulfate	Wheat flour	0.30 g/kg	
	Benzoyl Peroxide	Wheat flour		Can be used only as diluted Benzoyl Peroxide by mixing with one or more of Alum, calcium salts of Phosphoric Acid, Calcium Sulfate, Calcium Carbonate, Magnesium Carbonate, and Starch.
	Chloride Dioxide	Wheat flour		
	Diluted Benzoyl Peroxide	Wheat flour	0.30 g/kg	
	Potassium Bromate	Bread (only products made of wheat flour)	0.030 g/kg of wheat flour	Shall be decomposed or removed before the preparation of the finished food.
Food Colors	Annato, water–soluble			Not permitted in fresh fish/ shellfish (including whale meat), KONBU (kelp)/WAKAME (sea weed) (both <i>Laminariales</i> ), legumes/pulses, meat, NORI (laver) (except when gold is used on NORI), tea leaves, or vegetables.

Major Use Category	Additives	Target Foods	Maximum Limits	Limitation for Use
Food Colors (continued)	β-Carotene			Not permitted in fresh fish/ shellfish (including fresh whale meat), KONBU (kelp)/ WAKAME (sea weed) (both <i>Laminariales</i> ), legumes/ pulses, meat, NORI (laver), tea, or vegetables.
	Food Blue No. 1 (Brilliant Blue FCF) and its Aluminum Lake Food Blue No. 2 (Indigo Carmine) and its Aluminum Lake Food Green No. 3 (Fast Green FCF) and its Aluminum Lake Food Red No. 2 (Amaranth) and its Aluminum Lake Food Red No. 3 (Erythrosin) and its Aluminum Lake Food Red No. 4 (Indiana Red) and its Aluminum Lake Food Red No. 102 (New Coccine) Food Red No. 104 (Phloxine) Food Red No. 105 (Rose Bengale) Food Red No. 106 (Acid Red) Food Yellow No. 4 (Tartrazine) and its Aluminum Lake Food Yellow No. 5 (Sunset Yellow) and its Aluminum	12 a.	as copper 0.0004 g/kg 0.050 g/kg 0.0010 g/kg 0.10 g/kg 0.15 g/kg of dry kelp 0.0064 g/kg	* Foods which are processed for preserving, including dried foods, salted foods, pickled foods in vinegar, and preserved foods in syrup.  Not permitted in fish pickles, fresh fish/shellfish (including whale meat) KASUTERA (a type of pound cake), KINAKO (roasted soybean flour), KONBU (kelp)/WAKAME (sea weed) (both <i>Laminariales</i> ), legumes/pulses, marmalade, meat, meat pickles, MISO (fermented soybean paste), noodles (including Wantan), NORI(laver), soy sauce, sponge cakes, tea leaves, vegetables, or whale meat pickles.
	Lake Food colors other than chemically synthesized food additives			Not permitted in fresh fish/ shellfish (including whale meat), KONBU (kelp)/WAKAME (sea weed) (both <i>Laminariales</i> ), legumes/pulses, meat, NORI (laver) (except when gold is used on NORI), tea leaves, or vegetables.

Food Colors (continued)  Iron Sesquioxide  Preparations of tar colors Sodium Copper Chlorophy  Sodium Iron Chlorophyllin  Titanium Dioxide  Titanium Dioxide  Humectant  Sodium Chondroitin Sulfar  Insecticide  Piperonyl Butoxide  Non-nutritive Sweeteners  Acesulfame Potassium	Banana (stem only) KONNYAKU (konjac)  lin  Agar jelly in MITSUMAME (prepared by mixing agar jelly, cut fruits, gree beans, etc. with sugar syrup) packed into cans or plastic containers.  Candies Chewing gum Chocolate Fish-paste products (except SURIMI) Fruits and vegetables for KONBU (kelp) Moist cakes (excluding bread with sweet fillings or toppings) Syrup	as copper 0.00040 g/kg 0.020 g/kg 0.050 g/kg 0.0064 g/kg 0.10 g/kg 0.15 g/kg of dry kelp 0.0064 g/kg 0.064 g/kg	* Foods which are processed for preserving, including dried foods, salted foods in vinegar, and preserved foods in syrup.
Preparations of tar colors Sodium Copper Chlorophy  Sodium Iron Chlorophyllin  Titanium Dioxide  Humectant  Sodium Chondroitin Sulfat  Insecticide  Piperonyl Butoxide	lin  Agar jelly in MITSUMAME (prepared by mixing agar jelly, cut fruits, gree beans, etc. with sugar syrup) packed into cans or plastic containers.  Candies Chewing gum Chocolate Fish-paste products (except SURIMI) Fruits and vegetables for KONBU (kelp) Moist cakes (excluding bread with sweet fillings or toppings)	0.00040 g/kg  0.020 g/kg  0.050 g/kg  0.0064 g/kg  0.040 g/kg  0.10 g/kg  0.15 g/kg of dry kelp  0.0064 g/kg	* Foods which are processed for preserving, including dried foods, salted foods pickled foods in vinegar, and preserved
Sodium Copper Chlorophy  Sodium Iron Chlorophyllin  Titanium Dioxide  Humectant  Sodium Chondroitin Sulfat  Insecticide  Piperonyl Butoxide	Agar jelly in MITSUMAME (prepared by mixing agar jelly, cut fruits, gree beans, etc. with sugar syrup) packed into cans or plastic containers.  Candies Chewing gum Chocolate Fish-paste products (except SURIMI) Fruits and vegetables for KONBU (kelp) Moist cakes (excluding bread with sweet fillings or toppings)	0.00040 g/kg  0.020 g/kg  0.050 g/kg  0.0064 g/kg  0.040 g/kg  0.10 g/kg  0.15 g/kg of dry kelp  0.0064 g/kg	* Foods which are processed for preserving, including dried foods, salted foods pickled foods in vinegar, and preserved
Sodium Iron Chlorophyllin  Titanium Dioxide  Humectant  Sodium Chondroitin Sulfar  Insecticide  Piperonyl Butoxide	Agar jelly in MITSUMAME (prepared by mixing agar jelly, cut fruits, gree beans, etc. with sugar syrup) packed into cans or plastic containers.  Candies Chewing gum Chocolate Fish-paste products (except SURIMI) Fruits and vegetables for KONBU (kelp) Moist cakes (excluding bread with sweet fillings or toppings)	0.00040 g/kg  0.020 g/kg  0.050 g/kg  0.0064 g/kg  0.040 g/kg  0.10 g/kg  0.15 g/kg of dry kelp  0.0064 g/kg	for preserving, including dried foods, salted foods, pickled foods in vinegar, and preserved
Titanium Dioxide  Humectant Sodium Chondroitin Sulfar  Insecticide Piperonyl Butoxide	by mixing agar jelly, cut fruits, gree beans, etc. with sugar syrup) packed into cans or plastic containers.  Candies Chewing gum Chocolate Fish-paste products (except SURIMI) Fruits and vegetables for KONBU (kelp) Moist cakes (excluding bread with sweet fillings or toppings)	0.020 g/kg 0.050 g/kg 0.0064 g/kg 0.040 g/kg 0.10 g/kg 0.15 g/kg of dry kelp 0.0064 g/kg	for preserving, including dried foods, salted foods, pickled foods in vinegar, and preserved
Titanium Dioxide  Humectant Sodium Chondroitin Sulfar  Insecticide Piperonyl Butoxide	Candies Chewing gum Chocolate Fish-paste products (except SURIMI) Fruits and vegetables for KONBU (kelp) Moist cakes (excluding bread with sweet fillings or toppings)	0.050 g/kg 0.0064 g/kg 0.040 g/kg 0.10 g/kg 0.15 g/kg of dry kelp 0.0064 g/kg	for preserving, including dried foods, salted foods, pickled foods in vinegar, and preserved
Titanium Dioxide  Humectant Sodium Chondroitin Sulfar  Insecticide Piperonyl Butoxide	Chewing gum Chocolate Fish-paste products (except SURIMI) Fruits and vegetables for KONBU (kelp) Moist cakes (excluding bread with sweet fillings or toppings)	0.050 g/kg 0.0064 g/kg 0.040 g/kg 0.10 g/kg 0.15 g/kg of dry kelp 0.0064 g/kg	for preserving, including dried foods, salted foods, pickled foods in vinegar, and preserved
Titanium Dioxide  Humectant Sodium Chondroitin Sulfar  Insecticide Piperonyl Butoxide	Chocolate Fish-paste products (except SURIMI) Fruits and vegetables for KONBU (kelp) Moist cakes (excluding bread with sweet fillings or toppings)	0.0064 g/kg 0.040 g/kg 0.10 g/kg 0.15 g/kg of dry kelp 0.0064 g/kg	for preserving, including dried foods, salted foods, pickled foods in vinegar, and preserved
Titanium Dioxide  Humectant Sodium Chondroitin Sulfar  Insecticide Piperonyl Butoxide	Fish-paste products (except SURIMI) Fruits and vegetables for KONBU (kelp) Moist cakes (excluding bread with sweet fillings or toppings)	0.040 g/kg 0.10 g/kg 0.15 g/kg of dry kelp 0.0064 g/kg	for preserving, including dried foods, salted foods, pickled foods in vinegar, and preserved
Titanium Dioxide  Humectant Sodium Chondroitin Sulfar  Insecticide Piperonyl Butoxide	Fruits and vegetables for KONBU (kelp) Moist cakes (excluding bread with sweet fillings or toppings)	0.10 g/kg 0.15 g/kg of dry kelp 0.0064 g/kg	for preserving, including dried foods, salted foods, pickled foods in vinegar, and preserved
Titanium Dioxide  Humectant Sodium Chondroitin Sulfar  Insecticide Piperonyl Butoxide	KONBU (kelp)  Moist cakes (excluding bread with sweet fillings or toppings)	0.15 g/kg of dry kelp 0.0064 g/kg	for preserving, including dried foods, salted foods, pickled foods in vinegar, and preserved
Titanium Dioxide  Humectant Sodium Chondroitin Sulfar  Insecticide Piperonyl Butoxide	Moist cakes (excluding bread with sweet fillings or toppings)	0.0064 g/kg	foods, salted foods, pickled foods in vinegar, and preserved
Titanium Dioxide  Humectant Sodium Chondroitin Sulfar  Insecticide Piperonyl Butoxide	sweet fillings or toppings)		
Titanium Dioxide  Humectant Sodium Chondroitin Sulfar  Insecticide Piperonyl Butoxide		0.064 g/kg	foods in syrup.
Titanium Dioxide  Humectant Sodium Chondroitin Sulfar  Insecticide Piperonyl Butoxide	Syrup	0.064 g/kg	
Titanium Dioxide  Humectant Sodium Chondroitin Sulfar  Insecticide Piperonyl Butoxide			
Humectant Sodium Chondroitin Sulfat  Insecticide Piperonyl Butoxide			Not permitted in fresh fish/ shellfish (including whale meat), KONBU (kelp)/WAKAME (sea weed) (both <i>Laminariales</i> ), legumes/pulses, meat, NORI (laver) (except when gold is used on NORI), tea leaves, or vegetables.
Insecticide Piperonyl Butoxide			Only for coloring.
Insecticide Piperonyl Butoxide			Not permitted in fish pickles, fresh fish/shellfish (including whale meat) KASUTERA (a type of pound cake), KINAKO (roasted soybean flour), KONBU (kelp)/WAKAME (sea weed) (both Laminariales), legumes/pulses, marmalade, meat, meat pickles, MISO (fermented soybean paste), noodles (including Wantan), NORI(laver), soy sauce, sponge cakes, tea leaves, vegetables, or whale meat pickles.
	e Fish sausage	3.0 g/kg	
	Mayonnaise	20 g/kg	
	Dressing	20 g/kg	
Non-nutritive Sweeteners Acesulfame Potassium	Cereal grains	0.024 g/kg	
	An (sweetened bean paste)	2.5 g/kg	
	Confectionary	2.5 g/kg	These maximum limits do
	Chewing gum	5.0 g/kg	not apply to foods approved to be labeled as special dietary use.
	Edible ices (including sherbets, flavored ices, and other similar foods)	1.0 g/kg	
1	Fermented milk*	0.50 g/kg	* Applied to dilutions, in the
	Flour paste		case of concentrated
	Flour paste	1.0 g/kg	products.
	I.	1.0 g/kg	
	Ice creams	1.0 g/kg 6.0 g/kg	
	Jam Foods with health claims (only	0.50 %	
	Jam Foods with health claims (only tablets)	0.50 g/kg	
	Jam Foods with health claims (only tablets) Lactic acid bacterial bevarages*	0.50 g/kg	
	Jam Foods with health claims (only tablets)	I	
	Jam Foods with health claims (only tablets) Lactic acid bacterial bevarages*	0.50 g/kg	
	Jam Foods with health claims (only tablets) Lactic acid bacterial bevarages* Milk drinks*	0.50 g/kg 2.5 g/kg	

Major Use Category	Additives	Target Foods	Maximum Limits	Limitation for Use
Non-nutritive sweeteners	Acesulfame Potassium	Pickles	1.0 g/kg	
continued)	(continued)	Sugar substitutes**	15 g/kg	
·		Tare (a dip or sauce mainly for	1.0 g/kg	** Products used by
		Japanese or Chinese foods)		directly adding to drinks,
		Wine*	0.50 g/kg	such as coffee and tea.
		Other foods	0.35 g/kg	
	Aspartame			
	Calcium Saccharin	Same as for "Sodium Saccharin".		
	Disodium Glycyrrhizinate	MISO (fermented soybean paste)		
		Soy sauce		
	Saccharin	Chewing gum	0.050 g/kg	
	Sodium Saccharin		as residue limit	
			of sodium saccharine less than:	
		KOZI-ZUKE (preserved in KOJI,	2.0 g/kg	When used in combination
		fermented rice		with calcium saccharin and
		SU-ZUKE (vinegar-pickled foods)		sodium saccharin, total
		TAKUAN-ZUKE (rice bran-pickled		level of the additives as sodium saccharin shall not
		radishes)		be more than the maximum
		Nonalcoholic beverages (powdered)	1.5 g/kg	limit.
		KASU-ZUKE (lee-pickled foods)	1.2 g/kg	
		MISO-ZUKE (MISO-pickled foods)	b/ 116	
		SHOYU-ZUKE (soy sauce-pickled		
		foods)		
		Fish/shellfish (processed, excluding		
		fish paste, TSUKUDANI (foods		
		boiled down with soy sauce),		
		pickles, and canned or bottled		
		foods)	0.50 //	
		Processed sea weeds	0.50 g/kg	
		Simmered beans		
		Soy sauce		
		TSUKUDANI (foods boiled down with		
		soy sauce)		
		Edible ices	0.30 g/kg	
		Fish paste	(less than 1.5 g/kg	
		Lactic acid bacterial drinks	in case of materials	
		Milk drinks	for nonalcoholic beverage or lactic	
		Nonalcoholic beverages	acid bacteria drinks	
		Sauces	or fermented milk	
		Syrup	product to be	
		Vinegar	diluted not less than 5-fold before	
			use, less than 0.90	
			g/kg in case of	T
			vinegar to be	These maximum limits do not apply to foods
			deluted not less	approved to be labeled
			than 3-fold before use)	as special dietary use.
		An (sweetened bean paste)	0.20 g/kg	
		Fermented milk	0 /0	
		Flour paste		
		Ice cream products		
		Jams		
		MISO (fermented soybean paste)		
		Pickles (preserved or pickled foods,		
		excluding those listed in this		
		column) Confectionary	0.10 g/kg	
	I			1
		Canned or bottled foods, excluding	0.20 g/kg	

Major Use Category	Additives	Target Foods	Maximum Limits	Limitation for Use
Non-nutritive sweeteners	D-Sorbitol	All foods		
(continued)	Sucralose	Chewing gum	2.6 g/kg	The second second second
		Confectionary	1.8 g/kg	These maximum limits do not apply to foods approved to be labeled as special dietary use.
		Jam	1.0 g/kg	
		Lactic acid becterial beverages*	0.40 g/kg	
		Milk drinks*	0.40 g/kg	* Applied to dilutions, in the case of concentrated
		Miscellaneous alcoholic bverages*	0.40 g/kg	products.
		Moist cakes	1.8 g/kg	
		Nonalcoholic beverages*	0.40 g/kg	
		Sake*	0.40 g/kg	
		Sake (compounded)*	0.40 g/kg	** Products used by
		Sugar substitutes**	12 g/kg	directly adding to drinks,
		Wine (any kind of fruit wine)*	0.40 g/kg	such as coffee and tea.
	V.Ph. I	Other foods	0.58 g/kg	
	Xylitol	All foods		
D	D-Xylose		0.5/1	
Preservatives	Benzoic Acid	Caviar	2.5 g/kg	When the additive is used in margarine with Sorbic Acid,
		Margarine	1.0 g/kg	Calcium Sorbate or
		Nonalcoholic beverages	0.60 g/kg	Potassium Sorbate, or a preparation containing these
		Soy sauce	0.60 g/kg	additives, the total amount of
		Syrup	0.60 g/kg	them as benzoic acid and as sorbic acid shall not be more than 1.0 g/kg.
	Butyl p-Hydroxybenzoate		as <i>p</i> -hydroxybenzoic	
			acid	
		Fruit sauce	0.20 g/kg	
		nonalcoholic beverages	0.10 g/kg	
		Rind of fruits and fruit vegetables	0.012 g/kg	
		Soy sauce	0.25 g/L	
		Syrup	0.10 g/kg	
		Vinegar	0.10 g/L	
	Calcium Propionate		as propionic acid	When the additive is used in
		Bread and cakes Cheese	2.5 g/kg 3.0 g/kg	cheese with Sorbic Acid, Potassium Sorbate, or
				Calcium Sorbate or a preparation containing these additives, the total amount of them as propionic acid and as sorbic acid shall not be more than 3.0 g/kg.
			as sorbic acid	
		AMAZAKE (beverages made from fermneted rice using KOJI ( <i>Asp. oryzae</i> ), and confined to products to	0.30 g/kg	
		be coonsumed in 3-fold or more dilution.)		
		AN (sweetened bean paste)	1.0 g/kg	Change Wilson
		Candied cherries Cheese	1.0 g/kg 3.0 g/kg	Cheese: When used in combination with propionic
		Oneese Dried fish/shellfish (excluding	3.0 g/kg 1.0 g/kg	acid, calcium propionate, or
		smoking cuttlefish & octopus)	J. 19	sodium propionate, total level of the additives as
		Dried prune	0.50 g/kg	sorbic acid and as propionic
		Fermented milk (as raw materials for	0.30 g/kg	acid shall not be more than 3.0 g/kg.
		lactic acid bacterial drinks) Fish-paste products (excluding SURIMI)	2.0 g/kg	

Major Use Category	Additives	Target Foods	Maximum Limits	Limitation for Use
Preservative	Calcium Sorbate	Flour paste products for bread and	1.0 g/kg	
(continued)	(continued)	confectionary		
		Fruit juice (including concentrated	1.0 g/kg	
		fruit juice) for confectionary		
		Fruit paste for confectionary	1.0 g/kg	
	Gnocchis	Gnocchis	1.0 g/kg	
		Jams	1.0 g/kg	When the additive is used
		KASU-ZUKE (lees-pickled foods)	1.0 g/kg	in margarine with Benzoic
		Ketchup	0.50 g/kg	Acid or Sodium Benzoate, the total amount of them
		KOJI-ZUKE (KOJI ( <i>Asp. oryzae</i> )- pickled foods)	1.0 g/kg	as benzoic acid and as sorbic acid shall not be
		Lactic acid bacterial beverages (ex-	0.050 g/kg	more than 1.0 g/kg.
		cluding sterilized bevarages)	0.000 g/ kg	
		Lactic acid bacterial beverages (as	0.30 g/kg	
		_	0.30 g/ kg	
		ingredients of lactic acid bacterial		
		beverages, excluding sterilized		
		beverages)	10 /	
		Margarine	1.0 g/kg	
		Meat products	2.0 g/kg	
		Miscellaneous alcoholic beverages	0.20 g/kg	
		MISO (fermented soy bean paste)	1.0 g/kg	
		MISO-ZUKE (MISO-pickled foods)	1.0 g/kg	When the additive is used in
		Salted vegetables	1.0 g/kg	MISO-ZUKE, the total amount of Sorbic Acid used
		Sea urchin products	2.0 g/kg	in the product, and Sorbic Acid and its salts cntaining
		SHOYU-ZUKE (soy sauce-pickled foods)	1.0 g/kg	in MISO as ingredient shall not be more than 1.0 g/kg.
		Simmered beans	1.0 g/kg	
		Smoked cuttlefish & octopus	1.5 g/kg	
		Soup (excluding potage-type soup)	0.50 g/kg	
		SU-ZUKE (vinegar-pickled foods)	0.50 g/kg	
		Syrup	1.0 g/kg	
		TAKUAN-ZUKE (rice bran-pickled	1.0 g/kg	
		radish)		
		TARE (a dip or sauce mainly for 0.50 g/kg		
		Japanese or Chinese foods)		
		TSUKUDANI (foods boiled down in	(foods boiled down in 1.0 g/kg	
		soy sauce)		
		TSUYU (a sauce mainly for Japanese	0.50 g/kg	
		noodles)		
		Whale meat products	2.0 g/kg	
		Wine (any kind of fruit wine)	0.20 g/kg	
	Ethyl p-Hydroxybenzoate		<u>I</u>	
	Isobutyl p-Hydroxybenzoate	Same as for Butyl p-Hydroxy	/benzoate.	
	Isopropyl p-Hydroxybenzoate			
	1			L

Major Use Category	Additives	Target Foods	Maximum Limits	Limitation for Use
Preservative	Nisin		As polypeptide containing Nisin A	The maximum use levels
(continued)		Cheese (except processed cheese)	0.0125g/kg	are not apply to products
		Meat products		permmited or recognized by the Minister of Health,
		Whipped creams		Labour and Welfare as
			0.010g/kg	foods for special dietary
		Dressing	U.UTUg/ kg	uses. The foods include five types of products: foods for
		Mayonnaise		the ill, milk powder for
		Sauces*		pregnant and lactating women, formulated milk
		Fine bakery products	0.00625g/kg	powder for infants, foods for
		Processed cheese		the aged, foods for specified health uses.
		MISO (fermented soybean paste)	0.0050g/kg	_ specified fleatur uses.
		Processed eggs products		
		Moist, unbaked, sweet cakes made	0.0030g/kg	=
		maainly of cereal grains or starch**		* Sauces refer to all kinds of
				sauces including Oriental
				thick Worcester sauce, cheese souce, and ketchup,
				but excluding fruit sauce and
				its analogues used for cakes.
				** They refer to rice pudding
				and tapioca puding, and their
				analogues, but excluding Oriental sweet dumplings.
				Oriental sweet dumplings.
	Potassium Sorbate	Same as for Calcium Sorbate		
	Propionic Acid			This additive may also be
		Same as for Calcium Prop	used as flavoring agent. See the section, "Flavoring agents."	
	Propyl <i>p</i> -Hydroxybenzoate	Same as for Butyl p-Hydro		
	Sodium Benzoate		as benzoic acid	
		Caviar	2.5 g/kg	When the additive is used in
		Fruit paste and fruit juice (including concentrated juice) used for	1.0 g/kg	margarine with Sorbic Acid, Calcium Sorbate or Potassium Sorbate, or a
		manufacturing confectionary.		preparation containing these
		Margarine	1.0 g/kg	additives, the total amount of
		Nonalcoholic beverages	0.60 g/kg	them as benzoic acid and as sorbic acid shall not be more
		Soy sauce	0.60 g/kg	than 1.0 g/kg.
		Syrup	0.60 g/kg	
	Sodium Dehydroacetate		as dehydroacetic	
		Butter	0.50 g/kg	
		Cheese	0.50 g/kg	
		Margarine	0.50 g/kg	
	Sodium Propionate	Same as for Calcium Propi		
	Sorbic Acid	Came as for Calciam Frop	as sorbic acid	
	COI DIO 7 COI C	AMAZAKE (beverages made from		
		fermneted rice using KOJI (Asp.	0.30 g/kg	
		oryzae), and confined to products to		
		be coonsumed in 3-fold or more dilution.)		
		AN (sweetened bean paste)	1.0 g/kg	
		Candied cherries	1.0 g/kg	
		Cheese	3.0 g/kg	

Major Use Category	Additives	Target Foods	Maximum Limits	Limitation for Use
Preservative	Sorbic Acid	Dried fish/shellfish (excluding	1.0 g/kg	
(continued)	(continued)	smoking cuttlefish & octopus)  Dried prune	0.50 g/kg	
			0.30 g/kg	
		lactic acid bacterial drinks)	0.00 g/ kg	
		Fish-paste products (excluding SURIM	2.0 g/kg	
		Flour paste products for bread and confectionary	1.0 g/kg	
		Gnocchis	1.0 g/kg	
		Jam	1.0 g/kg	
		KASU-ZUKE (lees-pickled foods)	1.0 g/kg	
		Ketchup	0.50 g/kg	When the additive is used in
		KOJI-ZUKE (KOJI ( <i>Asp. oryzae</i> )-pickled foods)	1.0 g/kg	margarine with Benzoic Acid or Sodium Benzoate,
		Lactic acid bacterial beverages (excluding sterilized bevarages)	0.050 g/kg	the total amount of them as benzoic acid and as sorbic acid shall not be more than
		Lactic acid bacterial beverages (as ingredients of lactic acid bacterial ingredients of lactic acid bacterial beverages, excluding sterilized beverages)	0.30 g/kg	1.0 g/kg.  When the additive is used in
		Margarine	1.0 g/kg	
		Meat products	2.0 g/kg	MISO-ZUKE, the total
		Miscellaneous alcoholic beverages	0.20 g/kg	amount of Sorbic Acid used in the product, and Sorbic
		MISO (fermented soy bean paste)	1.0 g/kg	Acid and its salts entaining
		MISO-ZUKE (MISO-pickled foods)	1.0 g/kg	MISO as ingredient shall no be more than 1.0 g/kg.
		Salted vegetables	1.0 g/kg	
		Sea urchin products	2.0 g/kg	
		SHOYU-ZUKE (soy sauce-pickled	1.0 g/kg	
		foods)		
		Simmered beans	1.0 g/kg	
		Smoked cuttlefish & octopus	1.5 g/kg	
		Soup (excluding potage-type soup)	0.50 g/kg	
		SU-ZUKE (vinegar-pickled foods)	0.50 g/kg	
		Syrup	1.0 g/kg	
		TAKUAN-ZUKE (rice bran-pickled radish)	1.0 g/kg	
		TARE (a dip or sauce mainly for Japanese or Chinese foods)	0.50 g/kg	
		TSUKUDANI (foods boiled down in soy sauce)	1.0 g/kg	
		TSUYU (a sauce mainly for Japanese noodles)	0.50 g/kg	
		Whale meat products	2.0 g/kg	
		Wine (any kind of fruit wine)	0.20 g/kg	
Quality sustainer	Propylene Glycol	Crust of Chinese pastry (shao mai,	1.2 %	
		spring roll, wonton, zaio-z)		
		Smoked cuttlefish	2.0 %	
		Raw noodles	2.0 %	
		Other foods	0.60 %	

Major Use Category	Additives	Target Foods	Maximum Limits	Limitation for Use
Raising agents	Aluminum Ammonium			
	Sulfate			Not permitted in MISO
	Aluminum Potassium			(fermented soy bean paste).
	Sulfate			
	Ammonium Bicarbonate	All foods		
	Ammonium Carbonate	All loods		
	Ammonium Chloride	4		
		_		
	Baking Powder			
	<ul> <li>Single Baking Powder</li> </ul>			
	<ul> <li>Duplex Baking Powder</li> </ul>			
	<ul> <li>Ammonia Type Baking</li> </ul>			
	Powder			
	Potassium L-Bitartrate	3		
	Potassium DL-Bitartrate	╡		
	Potassium Carbonate	-		
		4		
	Sodium Bicarbonate			
Seasonings	DL-Alanine	All foods		
	L-Arginine L-Glutamate			
	Calcium 5'-Ribonucleotide			
	Disodium 5'-Cytidylate			
	Disodium 5'-Guanylate			
	Disodium 5'-Inosinate	_		
	Disodium 5'-Ribonucleotide	_		
	Disodium Succinate	_		
	Disodium DL-Tartrate			
	Disodium L-Tartrate			
	Disodium 5'-Uridylate			
	L-Glutamic Acid	_		
	Glycine	_		
	Monoammonium L-Glutamate			
	Monocalcium Di-L-	All foods	as calcium	
	Glutamate		1.0 %	
			Not applied to	
			foods approved to be labeled as	
			"special dietary	
			use."	
	Monomagnesium Di-L-	All foods		
	Glutamate			
	Monopotassium Citrate	╡		
	Monopotassium L-	-		
	Glutamate			
	Monosodium L-Aspartate	7		
	Monosodium Fumarate	7		
	Monosodium L-Glutamate	-		
	Monosodium Succinate	1		
	Potassium Chloride	1		
	Potassium Gluconate	1		
	Sodium Gluconate	1		
	Sodium Lactate	1		
	Sodium DL-Malate	1		
	L-Theanine	1		
	Tripotassium Citrate	1		
	Trisodium Citrate	<del>-</del>		

Major Use Category	Additives	Target Foods	Maximum Limits	Limitation for Use
Solvents or extracting agents	Acetone	Fats and oils Guarana nuts		Only for extracting components from such nuts in the process of the manufac-ture of guarana beverages or for fractionating components of fats or oils.  Shall be removed before the preparation of the finished food.
	Glycerol	All foods		
	Hexane			Only for extracting fats or oils in manufacturing edible fats or oils.  Shall be removed before the preparation of the finished food.
Sterilizer	Chlorous Acid Water	Milled rice Legumes/pulses Vegetables (excluding mushrooms) Fruits Seaweeds Fresh fish/ shellfish (including fresh whale meat) Meat Meat products Whale meat products Preserved products of foods listed above.	0.40g/kg dipping solution or spray liquid	Shall be removed or decomposed before the preparation of the finished product.  "The preserved products" means foods preserved by drying, salting, or other treatments.
	High-Test Hypochlorite	All foods		
	Hypochlorous Acid Water			Shall be decomposed or removed before the preparation of the finished food.
	Sodium Hypochlorite			Not permitted in sesame.
Thickening agents or	Acesulfame Potassium	All foods		
stabilizers	Acetylated Distarch Adipate	All foods		
	Acetylated Oxidized Starch	All foods		
	Ammonium Alginate	All foods		
	Casein	All foods		
	Calcium Alginate	All foods		
	Calcium Carboxymethylcellulose	All foods	2.0 %	When used with one or more of the following additives, the total amount shall not be more than 2.0 %: Methyl Cellulose, Sodium Carboxymethylcellulose, and Sodium Carboxymethyl-strach.
	Distarch Phosphate	All foods		
	Hydroxypropyl Distarch Phosphat	All foods		
	Hydroxypropyl Starch	All foods		
	Methyl cellulose	All foods	2.0%	When used with one or more of the following additives, the total amount shall not be more than 2.0 %: Calcium Carboxymethyl-cellulose, Methyl Cellulose, and Sodium Carboxymethyl-strach.

Major Use Category	Additives	Target Foods	Maximum Limits	Limitation for Use
Thickening agents or	Monostarch Phosphate	All foods		
stabilizers (continued)	Oxidized Starch	All foods		
(continued)	Potassium Alginate	All foods		
	Propylene Glycol Alginate	All foods	1.0 %	
	Sodium Alginate	All foods		
	Starch Sodium Octenyl Succinate			
	Starch Acetate	All foods		
	Sodium Carboxymethylcellulose	All foods	2.0 %	When used with one or more of the following additives, the total amount shall not be more than 2.0 %: Calcium Carboxymethylcellulose, Methyl Cellulose, and Sodium Carboxymethylstrach.
	Sodium Carboxymethylstarch	All foods	2.0 %	When used with one or more of the following additives, the total amount shall not be more than 2.0 %: Calcium Carboxymethyl—cellulose, Methyl Cellulose, and Sodium Carboxymethyl—cellulose.
	Sodium Caseinate	All foods		
			0.00.0/	
Miscellaneous	Sodium Polyacrylate  Active Carbone	All foods	0.20 %	
Absorbent Brewing agent Fermentation regulator Filtration aid Prosessing agent Qulity improver	Ammonia Ammonium Dihydrogen Phosphate Ammonium Sulfate			
	Calcium Silicate	All foods	2.0 %  When used with Silicon Dioxide (fine), the total amount shall not be more than 2.0 %.	Not permitted in human milk substitutes or weaning foods.
	Calcium Stearate	All foods		
	Carbon Dioxide			
	Diammonium Hydrogen			
	Phosphate			
	Dipotassium Hydrogen			
	Phosphate			
	Disodium Dihydrogen			
	Pyrophosphate			
	Disodium Hydrogen			
	Phosphate			
	Hydroxypropyl Cellulose			
	Hydroxypropyl	All foods		
	Methylcellulose Hydrochloric Acid	All foods		
	nyaroenione Acia	All foods		Shall be neutralized or removed before the preparation of the finished food
	Ion Exchange Resins	All foods		Shall be removed before the preparation of the finished food.

Major Use Category	Additives	Target Foods	Maximum Limits	Limitation for Use
Miscellaneous	Liquid Paraffin			
Absorbent Brewing agent Fermentation regulator		Bread	as residue limit less than 0.10 %	Only for releasing dough in dividing by automatic dispenser or in baking.
Filtration aid Prosessing agent	Magnesium Carbonate	All foods		
Qulity improver (continued)	Magnesium Chloride	7		
, ,	Magnesium Monohydrogen Phosphate			
	Magnesium Oxide			
	Magnesium Stearate			Only capsules and tablets as foods with health claim.
	Magnesium Silicate			Only as filtration aid for fats & oil . Shall be removed before the preparation of the finished food.
	Magnesium Sulfate	All foods		
	Natamycin	Natural Cheese (confined to the surface of hard and semi-hard cheeses)	less than 0.020 g/kg	
	Nitrous Oxide	Whip creams (referring to products obtained by whipping foods composed mainly of milk fat or foods made mainly of milk fat substitutes).		
	Oxalic Acid			Shall be removed before the preparation of the finished food.
	Phosphoric Acid	All foods		
	Polyvinylpolypyrrolidone			Only as filtration aid. Shall be removed before the preparation of the finished food.
	Potassium Dihydrogen	All foods		
	Phosphate			
	Potassium Hydroxide	All foods		Shall be neutralized or removed before the preparation of the finished food.
	Potassium Metaphosphate	All foods		
	Potassium Nitrate	Cheese	0.20 g/L of raw milk	
		SAKE	0.10 g/L of raw mash	
	Potassium Polyphosphate	All foods		
	Potassium Pyrophosphate			
	Silicon Dioxide	All foods		Only as filtration aid. Shall be removed before the preparation of the finished food.
	Silicon Dioxide (fine)		2.0 % When used with Calcium Silicate, the total amount shall not be more than 2.0 %:	Not permitted in human milk substitutes or weaning foods.
	Sodium Acetate	All foods		
	Sodium Carbonate	┪		
	Sodium Dihydrogen	7		
	Phosphate			

Major Use Category	Additives	Target Foods	Maximum Limits	Limitation for Use
Miscellaneous	Sodium Hydroxide	All foods		Shall be neutralized or
Absorbent Brewing agent	Sodium Hydroxide			removed before the preparation of the finished
Fermentation regulator Filtration aid	Solution			food.
Prosessing agent	Sodium Metaphosphate	All foods		
Qulity improver (continued)	Sodium Methoxide	All foods		Shall be decomposed before the preparation of the finished product, then the methanol produced during the decomposition shall be removed.
	Sodium Polyphosphate	All foods		_
	Sodium Pyrophosphate	7		
	Sodium Sulfate			
	Sulfulic Acid	All foods		Shall be neutralized or removed before the preparation of the finished food.
	Trimagnesium Phosphate	All foods		
	Tripotassium Phosphate			
	Trisodium Phosphate			
	Water-insoluble minerals:			
	Acid Clay		as maximum residue limit	When two or more of the
	Bentonite			additives listed in this section are used together, the total of
	Diatomaceous Earth	All foods	0.50 %	each residue amount shall not
	Kaolin	Chewing gum (when talc is only	5.0 % *	be more than 0.50 %.
	Perlite Sand	used)*		Only in case where its use is indispensable for manufacture
	Talc <sup>*</sup> Other Similar Substances			or processing of food.